





## Social Democratic Herald.

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FREDERICK MEATH, Editor.

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

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**ROLL OF HONOR.**

**Union Secretaries Fund.**

Previously reported . . . . . \$289.20

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Milwaukee Socialist . . . . . 1.00

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**INTIMIDATION FOR INJUNCTION.**

Last week we published part of the resolutions passed a week ago by the Milwaukee Federated Trades Council. We give them in full below. The council in its constitution holds for the Swiss military system. In Switzerland every man has a gun given him by the government and must put in so much drill in a year. The citizens themselves are their own military defense, instead of paid bodies of men, independent of the people and under control of the political ruling class, as in this country. In Switzerland the people being armed, are respected by the ruling class, as would be more the case in this country if the Swiss system were adopted here. In full, the resolutions are as follows:

"Whereas, the pending strike of the Wabash R. R. has again resulted in a tyrannical usurpation of power on the part of a federal judge—Judge E. B. Adams of St. Louis—prohibiting the representatives and members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Brotherhood of Railway Firemen to order, induce, persuade or otherwise influence the employees of the Wabash R. R. to strike for higher wages and a better standard of living, and

Whereas, this injunction has again demonstrated the fact that our so-called liberty is not freedom, and that it is a stultifying sham, under which millions are degenerating, while hundreds of thousands are half starving, and

Whereas, appeals to Congress and to the courts for relief are fruitless, since the Legislature as well as the judicial powers are under the control of the capitalist class, and

Whereas, our capitalist class is armed and has not only policemen, marshals, sheriffs and deputies, but also a militia and a regular army, in order to enforce government by injunction, and throttle liberty, while on the other hand the laboring men of the country are unarmed and defenseless, contrary to the letter and the spirit of the United States Constitution,

Therefore be it

Resolved, that we consider the proper use of the ballot and the growth of the Social Democratic party as the best safeguards for the liberties of the people;

Resolved, that the public ownership of railways, telegraphs and coal mines is one of the most necessary reforms for our body politic; and finally be it

Resolved, that since no nation in which the people are totally disarmed can in the end remain a free nation, therefore we urge all liberty-loving citizens and especially union men to remember and obey Article II. of the Constitution of the "The right of the people to keep and bear United States, which reads as follows: arm shall not be infringed."

Prof. Monaghan of Madison, who said Socialism is a disease, is said to stand a show of getting a job in the new department of commerce and labor, at Washington, because of his success while consul at Chemnitz, Germany, in hunting out new opportunities for American capitalists to exploit labor and exhaust nature's providence. He will be just the man for the new job, for he has no real

sympathy with the aims and needs of the toilers, and capitalism, which now runs the government, can use him for its purposes, very nicely.

## LABOR MUST LIVE BY PERMISSION.

The exposure of the manufacturers' and founders' blacklisting and strike-breaking organization in last week's Herald opened a good many eyes and will tend to the better put the workers on their guard. Forewarned is forearmed. The capitalists mean to break up unionism at all possible hazards, in fact they claim that, being the masters of production, they are the only ones who have a right to form a union. The following dispatch shows what they are up to:

Buffalo, N. Y., March 30.—Under the auspices of the National Metal Trades Association, representative manufacturers of this country in the number of 200 will assemble in this city tomorrow for the purpose of taking steps toward the unification of employers into a federation similar in every respect, even to the establishment of a central office, to a trade union. The movement, which has been under consideration among manufacturers for a number of years and which has been partially adopted in Chicago, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, Minneapolis and other cities, will take on a national form at the convention in this city. The plan to organize employers into state and then national bodies has received the endorsement of manufacturing interests generally throughout the country. In the few cities in which the plan has been established the promoters say that strikes have been declared since its inauguration.

The capitalists mean to fight with all possible fury the modern idea that the people have something to say as to the labor conditions that obtain in the making of the goods society consumes or uses. They mean to keep labor down to the cheap commodity level if possible. Labor in a ware they cannot get along without, and it is a most profitable ware, for it yields the surplus value on which capitalist fortunes are reared. The labor unions, especially as they grow more far-reaching and Socialistic, threaten this stupendous game of plunder, and so must be downed. The organized workers are watching every move of the capitalists, however, and thus far strike-breaking has not been very successful. Comrade F. W. Wilson of Milwaukee, who is the district business agent of the Milwaukee machinists' lodge, has shown us a letter written by an Oshkosh manufacturer to a Milwaukee machinist, in which he takes three type-written pages to say that his men are on strike, that he has a steady job open, but that application must be made at once as they have "a great many applications," etc. If that were true such a long letter would not be written to a single applicant. As an inducement to enter his employ the Oshkosh employer also says: "We can give you a certificate of recommendation issued by the National Metal Trades Association, which we know will be very valuable to you in securing work in the future. You may not be familiar with the National Metal Trades Association, so we will therefore state that it is a very strong organization, and a great many of the largest metal manufacturers in the country are members of the association and in this way this association CONTROLS ABOUT 20,000 MACHINISTS and a good certificate from that association in your hands will be worth considerable to you." How is that for living by permission!

Labor has a mighty struggle before it. Let it be prepared!

The editor of The Herald is at times at his wit's end to find room for long articles and very often a long article that is in type is held over several issues simply for lack of enough space in any one part of the paper to put it. Contributors who wish to make our life a joy and who want to see their articles in print before they become out-of-date will do well to observe the rule of brevity. And another thing, while we are about it. Do not please do not write on both sides of the paper. Matter so written cannot be sent to the printer and we do not have time to make copies.

Milwaukee's experience with free school lectures has proven an unmistakable success. Why it was not done before may mystify some people who do not realize how reluctantly capitalism yields to anything of an actually democratic nature. Last Friday evening the lecture at the west side high school attracted such a crowd that hundreds were turned away. The dangerous procedure of locking the doors to keep the hall from being overcrowded, was resorted to, a thing clearly unlawful. It is to be hoped that the success of these lectures will prove a stepping stone to another great need: That of a high class, free orchestra concert in the Exposition building, maintained by the city. But the world moves slowly!

## NOTES BY THE WAY.

"The Woman was so determined to be independent of Man that she voluntarily became the slave of a Machine," says the funny man in the funny paper. But the fact is that the woman does not become the slave of the machine voluntarily, but from economic pressure.

In a series of articles the Revue of Paris claims that the trust magnates of the United States are afflicted by the sort of madness that the gods upon those whom they would destroy.

The Czar will be wise to get rid of every vestige of serfdom before some author produces the Russian equivalent of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," says the Washington Star.

As matters now stand, says the United Mine Workers' Journal, there is not a lawful right of the people but what is subject to the whim and caprice of judges.

Germany has been getting the lead in the production of potato alcohol. Over 12 percent of the acreage of the country is in potato and 43,000,000 bushels were grown in 1901. Large quantities being used for food and fodder and for starch.

The bureau of agriculture has bettered the knowledge of the farmer in culture and fertilizing and the experimental stations have also led in new methods. Alcohol is now being extensively used for illumination, fuel and for motive power. It sells as low as 12 cents a gallon.

Comrade W. H. Genta's book, "Our Benevolent Feudalism," has been a grim reality so effectively into the consciousness of the complacent reading public that the demand for it has called for a third edition. The Macmillan Company now announces its early appearance. It will have a new preface by the author.

## A CHANGE HAS COME OVER CAPITALISM'S DREAMS!

The influence of Socialism, thus far, on the American labor movement has been most salutary indeed.

Trade unions that are largely dominated by Socialism and which have the clear vision of the economic situation which Socialism gives, are known as progressive unions. The old style of unions that hold to the individualistic philosophy of life, and who regard organized labor as a mere battle over wages, with no regard to the larger social view of labor's rights, are known as pure and simple unions. Many of these latter still remain, but their number is rapidly decreasing. And even of the rest, they are constantly learning lessons of the progressive unions, especially the lesson of the complete solidarity of labor. And the opposition of the pure and simple to the Socialistic contention that there is of necessity a clash of class interests between capitalism and labor, is melting away like roadside snow before the warmth of spring's north-returning sun.

The growing influence of Socialism in the labor movement is strikingly shown by the changing attitude of the capitalist class in its labor disputes. Capitalism has had to change its tactics from necessity. Under the Socialistic influence the trade union strike is not the isolated individualistic battle of force that it used to be. There is a brotherhood of labor in the air that makes the cause of one the concern of all. With the old form of strike the capitalist could easily deal. The old idea that a strike must be won by brute force is dying out.

The Socialist is too sharp to fall into the capitalist's traps. Disorder means deputy sheriffs and the militia and public sympathy on the side of the wage-lord. The peaceful strike puts a new face on the matter. It is bringing out the desperate nature of the capitalist. He is looking for ways to avoid the strike, and has hit on the injunction. It is a fine game, and cheaper. But it is, nevertheless, a desperate remedy to use. It has a bad effect on the people, for it imperils liberty itself.

But the profit-hungry and profit-blind capitalist hesitates at nothing, only he is taking the precaution to build up the military power against a possible day of widespread revolt. It is like during the lightning—this injunction with the shadow of military despotism back of it, but the capitalist has been forced on to dangerous ground, and must protect his rights—the right of wage exploitation. Hence the recent haste to strengthen the military arm of the government, the voting by Congress of power to the President to mobilize troops without let or hindrance at any point. The military force is being increased and gotten away from the people's control, and care is taken to establish military forts as near to industrial centers as possible. Does anyone imagine that there was no design in placing Ft. Sheridan midway between Chicago and Milwaukee?

Matters are moving very fast. The workers are much nearer to their rights than they dream.

## Father McGrady's Point of View.

A Catholic cannot be a Democrat or a Republican, for Catholicism is justice, love and honesty, and the two old parties represent hatred, fraud, crime, robbery and confiscation. A Catholic can be a Socialist, for Socialism stands for the moral teaching of Christ, and the repudiation of Socialism is the repudiation of Christianity. Socialism is merely a question of economics.

The competitive system is in antagonism to Christianity. They tell us we can never get rid of poverty, because poverty is the result of original sin. If that be true, then Rockefeller and Morgan must be pre-Adamsites.

The day of international trusts is near at hand, and when that occurs not over 40 per cent. of labor will be employed. Increased power of production has decreased the consuming power of the producer.

Socialism is inevitable. If we don't exercise our intelligence as to the polls, Socialism will come with a vengeance, and the opponents will be responsible for the class.

They may say you'll never get Socialism until you get a race of angels. We say get Socialism and we'll have a race of angels.

I speak in the name of all the people of the earth.

I say as a Catholic priest I cannot see how a Catholic could be anything but a Socialist. People are compelled under the present system to violate the commandments. Any man who opposes Socialism opposes the teachings of the Nazarene. Can a Christian be a Democrat? No! They stand for robbery. Can a Christian be a Republican? No! For they stand for robbery.

The system should be abolished. Laboring men, it lies in your power to remedy this. I invoke the memory of all the great of past ages, in the name of God, religion and humanity, against this iniquitous system.—Father McGrady, at Auditorium meeting, Chicago.

## "It's the Stuck Pig that Squeals!"

The Chicago Chronicle has had another attack of spasms. This time it is over the action of the Federated Trades Council in Milwaukee in passing a set of resolutions asserting that the trade unions are at the mercy of organized capital. The fact that this sheet, owned and operated by capitalists, and in defense of capitalists, attacks the resolutions is proof positive that a shot has gone home. No one knows better than the capitalists themselves that when the wage slaves once realize the combined strength of their class that capitalism is doomed forever. The Chronicle refers to "the man on horseback." Sarcastic inference that force may be necessary to stop the growth of Socialism. It then puts the wage slave on the back by saying that organized labor must be recognized and at the same time states that its present deplorable condition is primarily due to listening to the advice of hot-headed agitators. Perhaps after all no attention should be paid to the wallings of these mouth piece of capitalism because not one in 100 wage slaves has the time to read the telegraph news, much less its misleading editorials.—Chicago Socialist.

## The Strength of Progressive Unionism.

The Socialistic movement among the laboring class, as a political force, has certain points of tactical superiority over the usual trade-union movements in politics. The tendency of labor movements in politics has been to yield very soon to the dissolving influence of quasi-union interests, corporate power and party manipulation. The older parties hid for the labor vote as soon as it becomes formidable; and it speedily is subordinated and amalgamated itself with the older political organizations. It requires a sort of fanaticism to hold labor together with any hope of permanency under a party leadership of its own. This fanaticism is furnished by the cult of Socialism. The earnestness of the Socialist cannot be tempered with. The Socialistic programme is too radical to be merged into the platform of the older parties. Labor in politics under the Socialistic banner, is something which cannot be bribed, cajoled or bought. Its chances of realizing results are, consequently, better.—Catholic Citizen.

## The April Comrade.

Socialists of this country have a positive treasure in the Comrade, and they ought to see to it that every newswriter handles it, and that it is on in all libraries. The April issue is certainly not inferior from any point of view to the best of the great magazines. There is an article, "An Industry of Mine," by Horace Traubel, that is alone worth the price of the whole number. It is a clever satire upon the coal strike commission. Other notable features are: "A Point of View," by Dr. George Henry; "How I Became a Socialist," by Frederick Heath of the Social Democratic Herald; "Miller: Painter of the Common Life," a profusely illustrated article by Leonard D. Abbott; News and Reviews, by the editor, John Spargo; and a number of excellent cartoons, portraits and other illustrations. There is nothing so distinctive in Socialist periodical literature, either in this country or in Europe, as the Comrade. The Comrade, 13 Cooper square, New York. Price, 10 cents.

The label section of the Milwaukee Federated Trades Council meets Monday evening, April 6, at 318 State street.

## "Life" Under Capitalism.

## "Nothing but Work" Killed Little Johnnie McCarthy.

Baltimore, March 17.—John McCarthy, 17 years old, committed suicide Monday by shooting himself through the head. He was employed at a dairy and also resided there. He went into a rooming room and a few minutes later a revolver report was heard. Young McCarthy was found on the floor bleeding, and died in thirty minutes. He left the following note: "To whom it may concern: I am to die like a dog, but I am better off dead, for I do nothing but work."

## Eating Dogs in Germany!

Berlin, March 22.—The consumption of dog meat in Germany has increased at an alarming rate. In Legnietz, Prussian Silesia, a dog slaughter house has actually been erected and one is now in course of construction in Berlin. Heretofore all dogs eaten in Germany have been killed by persons who wished to use them as food, but several companies have recently been formed, and they are bidding against each other in the effort to get control of the dogs intended for human consumption.

## Our Degenerate Rich!

Wheeling Intelligence: Shades of the day of Rome! The country's Plutocracy society women matched their pet dogs, the stakes being a \$200 supper. The fight was well "pulled off" in the presence of an audience of women in evening gowns. This takes the edge off the Newport monkey dinner.

Wilshire's Magazine for April has an ably written and well-illustrated article by Prof. David of Yale on the grotesque remains recently discovered at Harpy Bay, Cornwall, England; Forest Protection, by Theophilus Stanger; an interview with Hobson, the famous English economist, now lecturing in this country; and an appreciation of Ingersoll, the orator, by Louville H. Dyer. The editorials are on Senator Hoar's Broad Creed, the Mysterium of Mr. Hearst, and the approaching Nuptials of the Trust and the Faith.

Our next issue will be a notable one from a literary standpoint. It will be designed especially to appeal to people of literary tastes and middle class associations.

No. 631.] [Social Dem. Herald.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—CIRCUIT COURT—Milwaukee county—Charles Niener, William C. Nicolai and Fred Ketter, as trustees of Columbia Lodge, No. 11, of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias, plaintiffs; Alwine Rasbe, formerly Alwine Lindloff, individually and as executor of the last will and testament of Henry Lindloff, deceased, Fritz Rasbe, her husband, George Machar, Henry Lindloff, individually and as executor of the last will and testament of Henry Lindloff, deceased, William Lindloff, Fred Lindloff, Ida Krueger, nee Lindloff, William Krueger, her husband, and Otto Lindloff, a minor, defendants.

JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE AND JUDGMENT OF SALE.

By virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of said circuit court, in the above entitled action, which was entered and dated March 13, 1902, and which was for sale and sale at public auction, in the hall of the court house, near the south door fronting on the park, in the Seventh ward of the city of Milwaukee, in said county, on

MONDAY, the 4th day of May, 1903, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, all the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the amount due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and costs, together with the disbursements of sale and solicitor's fees, to-wit:

Lot twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), in block sixty-one (61), in Wechsberg & Thornton's subdivision, in the Third ward, now the Twenty-first (21st) ward, of the city and county of Milwaukee and state of Wisconsin.

Dated Milwaukee, March 21, 1903.

FRED FEGTMEYER, Sheriff of Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.

Richard Elsner, Plaintiff's Attorney.

"How I Became a Socialist," by Frederick Heath, with Portrait, in the April issue. Subscribe NOW.

Is the finest illustrated Socialistic magazine in the country. It contains twenty-four large pages of beautiful illustrations, portraits, and other pictures. It is the most beautiful, interesting, and instructive Socialist publication. The series "How I Became a Socialist," by Frederick Heath, written by E. M. Simon, Frederick O. MacCarthy, F. H. Haggerty and McGrady, Ernest C. Haggerty, John Chase, Geo. D. Herron, Jack London, May Wood Simons, and many others, alone are worth the subscription price.

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THE COMRADE PUBLISHING CO., 11 Cooper Square, N. Y.

## THE HERALD FORUM.

## The Parable of the Axe Head.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 20.—Editor Herald: I had the pleasure of hearing Mr. Edwards' able lecture last Wednesday evening, and also listened with interest to Howard Tuttle's remarks on the religious crusade now being waged against Socialism. It has often occurred to me—and the thought impressed itself still more strongly on me as I listened to Mr. Tuttle—that it is somewhat curious that Socialist speakers make so little use of the Bible. Of course to do so with the greatest effectiveness they would have to be acquainted with the REAL BIBLE (which can now be obtained at a reasonable cost), the versions in general use (including the so-called revised version, which is the most dishonest one of them all), being to a very great extent indeed erroneously translated, and to a very considerable extent—and that, too, on the most important points—DELIBERATELY FALSELY TRANSLATED. Now, the Bible is full of the doctrines and teachings of Socialism. They are plain enough and as plainly insisted upon—in the New Testament—but in the Old Testament whole chapters are given up to the description of the glorious fruition of the hopes of the Friend of Humanity. One of the prophecies that ought to be particularly interesting to Socialists is contained in the apparently silly story (incredible if taken literally) of the rising to the surface of the water of an axe-head at the command of the Prophet Elisha, as related in II Kings, 6th chapter. College professors and sundry preachers, educationally incapable of projecting their comprehension beyond the esoteric significance of anything, are denouncing the expulsion of this story and others of like kind from the sacred record, but I hope they will not succeed. But to the story—premising that water in any form, as "seas," "floods," "billows," "waves," etc., always symbolize in prophecy the "masses" of the people, as distinguished from the few that constitute what is often termed the "classes."

Some workmen under the superintendence of the prophet were cutting down trees, a workman's axe-head fell into the water. Elisha cut down a stick and cast it into the "water" AT THE EXACT PLACE WHERE THE AXE-HEAD FELL, whereupon the axe rose to the SURFACE OF THE "WATER," and was readily recovered by him who had lost it.

The interpretation is simple, the key to same being in the workman's lament: "Alas, Master! for it was borrowed!" So, "Alas, Master! for it was borrowed!" So, with "labor." Once, and not so long ago, it owned its own tools; now it has to work with "borrowed" ones, but the time is near when the sowing of the seed of Socialism among the "masses" (the casting of the "stick" into the "water") will bring about a condition of things that will enable labor to recover its own.

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# THE ABUSE OF INTOXICANTS—A SOCIALIST'S VIEWS ON THE PROHIBITION QUESTION. By Robert Saltiel.

The motive is a very good one, indeed; it is, there can be no question, humane; to be horrified at the terrible harvest the drink-devil is reaping among his unfortunate victims and the Socialists with their lofty aspirations for a better civilization are fully cognizant of the fact.

It is manifest that there can be no difference of opinion between Socialists and Prohibitionists as far as the RESULTS of the drink-habit is concerned, but there is a difference, and a very wide difference, indeed, between the Socialists and the Prohibitionists regarding the CAUSE.

The prohibition of the sale of intoxicants, the closing of breweries and saloons under the present economic and social "disorder," would only aggravate the evil.

Wherever the Prohibitionists by their efforts accomplished the passage of prohibitive laws, the sale of liquor was kept up secretly, in spite of the law.

Not this alone, the fact is that people who never cared to indulge in intoxicants, found an immense pleasure in visiting the numerous blind pigs; so in the state of Iowa, where I had ample opportunity of studying the conditions at the time

prohibition ruled supreme. (?) "Forbidden fruit tastes the sweetest."

The remedy therefore is not the prohibition of the making and selling of intoxicants, but the REMOVAL of the CAUSES which in most cases lead to drink.

The Prohibitionist may ask: "How shall you stop drunkenness if you permit the manufacture and sale of whiskey?"

It is this question that can be answered by Socialists only.

Let us explain to the Prohibitionist that the present system of the exploitation of the many by the few has made it impossible for millions of human beings to lead a well ordered and regular home-life, that the economic dependence of the toilers drives them to saloons.

Working hard all day, the toiler needs some kind of recreation and finding very little at home for amusement, but likely where he is sure to find to his detriment, fellow-victims of capitalism.

He learns how to drink, to play cards, to stay away from home.

If the Prohibitionist considers this picture to be overdrawn, let him visit the slums of our large cities.

There they live in smoky, dingy, dirty holes; the children half naked or clad in rags; the slams, where the widows of workmen, killed on the industrial battle field, the factory, are trying to support their little children by their hard work, where the little boys are living, who sell newspapers on the streets of the metropolis, where the crook, the offscouring of society, but its proud product, is hiding, where the prostitute, the cast aside plaything of some rich idler, is trying to live on her disgraced and ruined life.

Go there and find that whiskey is the consoling cap of Lethe, the opera, the drama and art are unknown and schools known only by name; "crime is considered a virtue and society is cursed."

Prohibition of the sale of liquor, without an equivalent for it, would cause still more suffering, misery and would result only in still more crime and vice among the unfortunate in slums and ghettos.

The only effective remedy is the one offered by Socialists.

Tear down the teeming houses, give air and clean surroundings to the hand-

dreds of thousands of disinterested human beings, feed them, clothe and educate them, make them members of society, make it possible for the fathers of those little ones to live in safety, make it unnecessary for little girls to sell their virtue, for tender boys to sell newspapers on the street.

Make it possible for everybody to enjoy life by restoring the vast riches of nature, the gift of great inventors to mankind, to all the people of this and all other nations and there will be no incentive for drink, no incentive for crime and vice.

Parks and gardens, schools and concerts, light and air, freedom from economic worry and the consciousness of being equal with one's fellowman will soon eliminate drunkenness.

Socialism will make it unprofitable to sell liquor by eliminating the competitive system, by wiping out the disastrous private ownership of the tools of production and the means of distribution.

Work for Socialism and there will be no saloons... no treating; no slums, no tenements with their fifth sad foul air; no economic dependence, no insecurity, no half-clad, ill-fed, neglected children; wholesome entertainments, schooling, no incentive to drink.

Remove the CAUSE and there will be no RESULT.

Thus it can be seen that the aims of the Socialists embrace those of the Prohibitionists, as to the stamping out of misery, vice and crime.

Let us show to the Prohibitionists that it is folly in attempting a cure of the branches, when the tree roots in the ground and that they can only hope of achieving their desired end in working for Socialism, the emancipation of mankind from the prevailing barbarous competitive system.

We will win then a host of honest and sincere allies.

Robert Saltiel.  
Sheboygan, Wis., March 20.

## Socialism's Illustrious Dead. 1



Miss Lucie Hoving.

For the Herald:

Miss Lucie Hoving was born in Holland about 1855 of middle-class parents, and educated in the best schools of that country. At the age of 10 she was converted to the Mormon faith, and emigrated with many of her countrymen to Utah. Her brilliant mind and unusual educational attainments made her a power in the Mormon church and for many years she labored as a teacher and lecturer for that church.

Strong, forceful, brilliant, but oh! so tender and loving it was no wonder her associates and pupils loved her, and that her influence grew and grew until she was recognized as one of the factors in the Mormon church, but Lucie Hoving's mind was one that knew no halt in its progress and soon she realized the fallacies and errors of the church she had served so long and faithfully. Here was the woman that knew not fear, and when she realized that she had taught errors for years she immediately sought to rectify what she had done. In 1901 she published her book "X Rays on Mormonism," the most comprehensive and fair treatise on the Mormon religion that has ever been given to the world.

The whole Mormon church was shaken to the core by the apostasy of its strongest and most faithful daughter, and a perfect storm of woe, sorrow and anger broke over her. The position she had held for so long as teacher in the public schools of Ogden was taken from her, for as one mother said to Miss Hoving in discussing the matter "why we dare not allow you to hold your position, you would make apostates of the whole school."

Denied the privilege of teaching the youth of Utah, Miss Hoving looked about her for a broader field for her work for humanity. There was but one field broad enough for her heart and brain, and on October 10, 1901, Comrade Hoving entered Prof. Mills' training school for Socialist speakers at Girard, Kansas.

In the three months we spent together there we learned to love and honor Lucie Hoving, as, perhaps, we will never love and honor another. Her strength and her kindness, with her tender heart and loving gentleness, was a place in the hearts of the students of the L. S. S. E. that can never be filled by another. In a lonely snow-covered grave in Utah sleeps all that is mortal of our beloved Lucie, but the only mortal that sleeps, the soul we loved surely lives on and lives as of yore.

You have asked me as one who loved her to pay that last sad debt of love to her who was our friend, companion, comrade. To some she was united by the ties of friendship, but to us was even closer bound by that unseen thread that binds all kindred hearts in the great search for truth. We do not read the air with such a prayer. We feel that we must bow to the inexorable law. Her thought was that we must not grieve at death. Her motto was to do. Her prayer was work. To her the world was law. To reap it was required that we live. She lived in the today; the past was gone; the future yet unmade.

To her all life was one—divine—harmonious. Divinity coursed through the great sea, the warbler's song, the wind itself. No miracles for her. All things were natural, or all miracles, and none more wonderful than her life. She did not try to add to the glory of the great unknown cause by idle words of praise. But she was quick to labor for her fellow creatures here.

To her all men were brothers, all were Christ, and could her will have triumphed all would share in nature's bounteous gift. All life was beautiful. The end of all happiness. She sought the truth. She tried to blaze the way that others might follow the path that leads to freedom and humanity.

We gave back to thy bosom, O mother earth, the form of thy child. Thou canst not rob us of her, though thou takest the clay temple which thou gave. She still lives with us, for she can never die. Uncounted sons of men will come and go, but still her deeds will send their echoes down the corridors of time.

Her eyes close on this earth before the dawn of the universal brotherhood of man. But let us in her memory bow our heads, and then with firm resolve take up the armor she has just laid down and let us fight the good fight that we fought for truth for men.

New York City, March 15.

Kate Richards O'Sare.

Ye Merrie Tax Dodger!

New York, March 27.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation, was a visitor at the tax office today. Mr. Schwab was assessed at \$500,000 on his personal property, but on his declaration that he is a non-resident he was released from assessment.

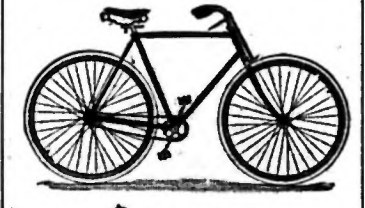
Mr. Schwab, it was said, declared his legal residence is in Pennsylvania, but what town he gave the tax officials declined to disclose.

Milwaukee Federated Trades Council.

Meeting of April 1. Delegate Busenberg in chair. Del. Neumeier vice chairman. Executive board reported adding books; the receipts for the quarter were \$244.53; disbursements \$541.55, balance on hand \$314.63. Postals ordered for organization work. Resolutions on exemption law adopted and 500 copies ordered printed for state locals and the legislature. Amendment to constitution proposed by organization committee relative to printing trades section, etc. Committee on consolidation of council and Building Trades council, reported that a national building trades organization was a dual organization to the A. F. of L., a consolidation was impossible. It was decided to ask the Building Trades council unions to send delegates to the council to form a building trades section. Committee reported an option on Pabst Park for Labor Day. Business agent reported 10 new unions for the quarter and three under way. Delegates Eckert and Brode were elected to executive board. Delegate Welles to the organization committee and Delegate Woodley to the legislative committee. The sum of \$25 was voted to help the struggle of organized labor in Hague against injunctions and damage suits. Bus. Agt. reported Duffy of Western league hall team was having suits made by Spalding and caps would have union label. The matter of taking the other team of of unfair list was ordered looked into. Receipts for evening, \$30.88, disbursements, \$86.45. Frederic Heath, Rec. Secy.

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FREDERIC HEATH, 614 State St. - REC. SECRETARY  
HERMAN HOPPE, 2416 Chambers St. - FIN. SECRETARY  
GUSTAV BECHT, 515 Newhall St. - TREASURER  
M. WISNERFLOCH, 417 Eleventh St. - SERGEANT AT ARMS  
Business Agent, FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State Street.

EXECUTIVE BOARD.—Ed. J. Berner, Secy., 1816 Kneeland Ave.; Herman Hein, James Sheehan, Ang. Dittmar, Al. Diederich, Wm. Reineck and Frank Baner. Meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:30 p.m., at 298 Fourth St.

SECTIONS.—Metal Trade Section meets first and third Mondays, at headquarters. Label Section meets first and third Mondays, at headquarters. Building Trade Section meets second and fourth Thursdays, at headquarters. Miscellaneous Section meets first and third Thursdays, at headquarters.

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## HORSE SHOERS' UNION No. 11

Meets Second and Fourth Tuesday. Fraternity Hall, 222-224 Grand Ave. N. C. SCHWINK, Secretary. 432 Eighth Street.

## BARTENDERS' UNION No. 64.

Meets every Friday at LEO BLANK'S, 318 State Street, 8 P.M. Any organization requiring any Bartender leave orders at office of Federated Trades Council, 318 State Street.

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This is the Union Label of the United Hatters of North America.

When you are buying a FUR HAT, either soft or stiff, see to it that the Genuine Union Label is sewed in it. If a retailer has loose labels in his possession, he offers to put one in a hat for you, do not patronize him. He has not any right to have loose labels. Loose labels in retail stores are counterfeit. Do not listen to any explanation as to why the hat has no label. The Genuine Union Label is perforated on four edges exactly the same as the postage stamp. Counterfeits are sometimes perforated on three edges and sometimes only two. Keep a sharp lookout for the counterfeits. Unprincipled manufacturers are naming them in order to get rid of their scab-made hats. The John B. Stebbins Co. of Philadelphia, Pa., is a non-union concern.

JOHN A. MOFFITT, President, Orange, N. J. JOHN PHILLIPS, Secretary, 78 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## The Old, Old Story.

Given closed in a whirl of excitement and appropriation hills, and labor was hurried under an avalanche of business, which also failed to get collection. This means, of course, that the neighborhood bill, the anti-injunction measure and other important labor bills will have to begin all over again when the Congress convenes next fall. As the Congress already elected, the failure of this Congress to enact any labor legislation will never be brought home to the voters as the voters are concerned.—Eve McD. Velach.

## The label section of the Milwaukee Federated Trades Council meets Monday evening, April 6, at 318 State street.

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Japanese and Chinese Gold Fish and Aquarium Plants. Mr. Ryana designed the tripod which has been presented to, and accepted by Prince Henry. W. C. EVANS, Mgr.

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## Gleanings From Busy Socialistic Fields!

Good Grain Being Harvested by Our Hands in the Field. How the Advance to the Co-operative Commonwealth Progresses. You are invited to get in Line.

### WILLING WORKERS WANTED!

There are two things you ought to do, comrades. One is to order a bundle each week and put in an occasional evening putting them round at your neighbors' doors. The results will surprise you. The other thing is to always have some Herald subscription postals in your pocket when you meet a friend. If you are afraid to tackle him for a large amount, try a small one—but, anyway, tackle him! He will subscribe out of curiosity, or perhaps he has been feeling that Socialism was worth looking into, and will be glad of your offer. And there is a trifle in it for your trouble besides. Get the yearly postals in lots of five at \$2, or ten half-yearly cards at the same rate. On the yearlies you keep ten cents and five cents on the half-yearlies. Again we say, this results will surprise you.

Last week we asked you to get us one new subscriber. Did you do so? As a good Socialist you ought to. You ought to at least liberate one capitalist captive a week. There are plenty of them. If all the men in the world were blind and you had the power to restore their sight by merely touching their eyelids, wouldn't you feel that, in sheer humanity, you ought to be at it constantly? Now, you HAVE that power! The Herald postals give you that power! Worker or drone, which shall it be? Do not underrate your own importance as a Socialist. We are engaged in a bigger work ever than perhaps we ourselves realize.

We mean to put you to the test. Dare you fill out this blank and send it in?

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD,  
Milwaukee, Wis.

Enclosed find Two Dollars for which mail me.....yearly or half-yearly sub. cards with all possible promptness, and I hereby promise to get out and HUSTLE.

### NOTES FROM YANKEE-LAND.

The Tokyo (Japan) Labor World has changed its name to the Socialist.

Socialism is said to be having a growth in the state of Virginia.

Saginaw, Mich., Socialists held their city convention last Saturday.

Father Hagerty has been having big audiences in British Columbia.

The Socialists of Utah will hold their state convention at Salt Lake City April 7.

The first Japanese Socialist congress will be held at Osaka, Japan, during April.

The national headquarters is planning to cover the entire United States with organizers.

The official counts from the various states are now in and show the Socialist voting strength last fall (S. L. P. not included) to have been 227,824.

Comrade Martha Moore Avery is a contributor to the April issue of the American Federationist, the official organ of the American Federation of Labor.

The big fair to raise a fund for a Socialist hall lately opened in New York last Saturday at the Grand Central Palace.

It closes next week. Among the attractions are moving pictures, vanderbilt and dramatic entertainments, athletic contests, gypsy encampment, etc.

Cincinnati Socialists are greatly elated over the position which they have secured upon the official ballot in the April election.

They will be the second ticket upon the ballot, the Democrats having to go into fourth position on account of a fusion move that was made. The S. L. P. has been refused position on account of fraudulent petitions.

The Socialist candidate for mayor in Hamilton, Frank J. Liesner, has created a great sensation by preferring charges against the present mayor of that city.

### Preliminary Announcement.

Arrangements are now commencing to be made for the MONSTER PICNIC of the SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY, to be held at Schlitz Park, Milwaukee.

Sunday, July 19th, 1903.

This announcement is made now, so you will make no other appointments for that day, as it is the desire to make this event the grandest, biggest and most elaborate in the history of the Party in the state. Get the date fixed in your mind.

## HALF-HOURS IN THE HERALD SANCTUM.

### With the Workers.

Editor Social Democratic Herald: You say I ought to have stayed in the Socialist party, where I belonged, and fight it out; then why did others leave the Social Labor party and John Anthony, why did not they stay and fight it out.

New Hampshire.

The Social Democratic party was consciously organized to give expression to American Socialism, that is, Socialism active to the soil, and because the S. L. P. stood fundamentally for stagnating, intolerant, sectarian, bureaucratic Socialism, which did not permit of growth and actual Socialist success. If the S. L. P. spirit creeps into our party it is an intruder and should be opposed from within, not from without. Social Democrats left the S. L. P. because they did not in reality belong there. But to desert the Social Democratic (or Socialist) party, believing in its aims and platform, is senseless. And what shall we say of Gordon tactics? (See American Federationist for April.)

Social Democratic Herald: Comrade Thompson has requested me to send his dates that are fixed thus far in Minnesota. They are as follows: Hibbing, April 1, 2, 3; Minneapolis, April 5; Faribault, 6, 7, 8; Waterville, 9, 10; Mankato, April 11, 12, 13; Jauessville, April 14; Winona, April 15; La Crescent, April 16, 17; Spring Valley, April 18, 19; Austin, April 20, 21, 22; Heron Lake, April 23, 24, 25. From there he goes to Lincoln for about two weeks, coming back to the state again for about six weeks more.

S. M. Holman, Sec'y.

Minneapolis, March 29.

In a letter just received from Comrade Debs he speaks feelingly of the startling haste with which capitalism is strengthening its military arm in the United States.

DRINK

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Say Comrades

Be sure to get the women to attend the Lecture tomorrow. We've been having big crowds and are not complaining. But of what avail are the lectures unless they are largely attended and making converts.

The lecture Sunday will be especially one to make converts if YOU will but help to bring an audience. Talk about this event to everyone and invite the women. Bring the unconverted. Mrs. CORINNE BROWN of CHICAGO, ILL., will speak on "WHAT SOCIALISM IS AND WHAT IT IS NOT," at NATIONAL HALL, Grove Street and National Avenue, Milwaukee, to-morrow (Sunday), April 5th, 2:30 P. M. We expect to meet you there.

REMEMBER PLACE AND DATE! ADMISSION FREE.

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Wisconsin Notes.  
Milwaukee Socialists sadly buried an old and tried comrade last week in the person of Robert Hager. He was a member of Branch 2 and was active as far back as 1880 and before. During the labor troubles in 1886 Comrade Hager lost his employment because he stood firmly for his principles.

Quite a number of Wisconsin comrades attended the big auditorium meeting in Chicago last week.

Comrade Frank P. O'Hare and Kate Richards O'Hare, his wife, will probably make a Wisconsin tour in August. Mrs. O'Hare is an associate editor on Willshire's Magazine and her husband has done good service in the anthracite region.

Sheboygan has the highest fight of her history on hand this spring. Comrade Salliel tells us that they are going to try to capture the whole city government this time, and really have some anticipations of doing so. The comrades will get out a daily edition of the Volkblatt, the Sheboygan Socialist paper, during campaign week. They are well organized in Sheboygan and stronger than ever.

Kenosha comrades have promised to keep up their reputation for a strong vote for the Social Democracy this spring. They have arranged for a German speaker to address a meeting in one of the German districts of the city and are sure of a strong organization there. That will materially strengthen the movement there, and will doubtless start the ward organization plan in Kenosha. Push the ward branches!

Your activity is measured by the amount of literature you get into circulation. Send us a bunch of ten weeks' subscribers. The Herald, ten times, 10 cents!

Janesville Moving Up.

One of the Wisconsin cities that is forging to the front is Janesville. The branch has a present enrollment of over 54 and expects to increase this to 75 shortly. Three months ago Janesville seemed to be almost an impossible point, but two or three of the faithful stuck to it in the face of all discouragements, and are now properly proud of the changing conditions. Following are the candidates in the municipal campaign:

For Mayor—Timothy McKieue.

For City Clerk—Walter Kerry.

For School Comm.—H. E. Laddington.

For Justice—A. V. Blunt.

For Sealers of Weights and Measures—Charles Elbert.

Aldermen—First ward, Ed. Kerry; Second ward, Washington Burridge; Third ward, Richard Hogan; Fourth ward, P. McKieue; Fifth ward, William Pankhurst.

For School Commissioners—First ward, T. Larson; Third ward, Elaine Pardee; Fifth ward, no selection made.

For Supervisors—First ward, L. Fritz; Second ward, Thomas Walsh; Third ward, Dan O'Connell; Fourth ward, Herbert Baker; Fifth ward, E. W. Collinsworth.

On to Victory in Racine.

For Mayor—Matthew Bidingger.

For City Clerk—Robert C. Revers.

For Assessor—Samuel Ritchie.

For Justice of the Peace—

Socialists of Racine, for the first time, held a city convention in the council chamber last Thursday evening and launched a municipal ticket that has already set the capitalist politicians and labor-foolers guessing. Elsewhere in this issue we refer to the efforts being made to legally force the Socialists off of the ballot. In the past an esteemed comrade of Racine used to refer to that city as "Camp Chilly," for it seemed impossible to break the spell the capitalists had put upon the workers there. But he and others did not despair but kept "everlastingly at it," and now the fire which has been smoldering under the surface has leaped into full flame and there is consternation in the camp of the phibes.

State Organizer Gaylord was present at the convention and made a ringing address. A fine municipal platform was adopted, well suited to such a large industrial bee-hive as the "Belle City." James Burke, chairman of the city committee, called the convention to order, and was later made permanent chairman, with William Jones as permanent secretary. Comrades John Jacobson, 11, 11, Phil and B. Doyle were made a committee on credentials, and Comrades J. W. Born, E. Wilkerson and George

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## WATCHES! WATCHES!

OUR SPECIALTY.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT.

THE FINEST QUALITY.

THE LOWEST PRICES.

August H. Stecher

....JEWELER....

Corner Third & State St.

Pierce a committee on platform and resolutions. The first two nominations were by acclamation, and for a successor, Comrade Hagerman finally won out over Comrade Herman Pahl by a vote of 12 to 10. The nomination for justice was made by committee later. The city committee selected is as follows: Fourth ward, E. Kall; Fifth, G. Protis; Sixth, E. Wilkinson; Seventh, John Shuray; Ninth, F. Dne. All the candidates will file blank resignations with the party, as is usual among the Socialists. A hot campaign will follow.

The Minnesota Field.

The comrades in Minnesota are determined to make an aggressive campaign for the movement this spring. Rev. Carl D. Thompson is already in the state, holding rousing meetings. The state committee has charge of his tour and is anxious to have him speak in every possible point in the state during his stay. Already over sixty-five dates have been spoken for. At Minneapolis last Sunday and the Sunday before Holcomb Hall was crowded to the doors. At St. Paul three splendid meetings were held, and at Hammond people came from ten and fifteen miles in every direction, from adjoining towns and country.

The state needs very much a good man for a permanent organizer. Comrade Thompson will start a fund for this purpose. We must send our speakers and organizers into sections where there are no Socialists. To do that the comrades in the organized sections must provide the necessary means. There are enough of us now to make it easy. Let all Minnesota comrades prepare to help. All who can should subscribe a little each month besides regular dues.

This matter will be presented in all of the Thompson meetings. If there are those who can help who are not where they can reach these meetings they could send their names and the amount they can give each month to state secretary, S. M. Holman, 11 Oak street, S. E., Minneapolis, Minn.

Hot Times in Sheboygan.

State Organizer Gaylord is campaigning at Sheboygan this week, where a particularly hot municipal campaign is in progress. The convention was held last Saturday evening and nominated the following ticket:

For Mayor—Chas. A. Born.

For City Clerk—Wm. F. Burhop.

For City Treasurer—H. Schoen.

For Comptroller—H. Froehlich.

For Assessor—John Schmidt.

For Municipal Judge—John G. Hodel.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

First District—Robt. Graf.

Second District—Ernst Hinde.

Third District—F. J. Becker.

WARD CANDIDATES.

FIRST WARD.

For Ald.—Paul Reiter.

For Sup.—Joe Ralstewh.

For School Com.—Fred Pabst.

SECOND WARD.

For Ald.—Wm. F. Moenulug.

For Sup.—Aug. Winkler.

THIRD WARD.

For Ald.—Wm. F. Sehnle.

For Sup.—Henry Nagel.

For School Com.—Alvin Dressler.

FOURTH WARD.

For Ald.—John Hinde.

For Sup.—Gottl. Glaeser.

FIFTH WARD.

For Ald.—Fred Haack.

For Sup.—Chas. Haack.

For School Com.—Ernst Zetms.

SIXTH WARD.

For Ald.—Wm. Broekhuus.

For Sup.—Wm. Broekhuus.

SEVENTH WARD.

For Ald.—1 year—Fred Kuster; 2 years—Ed. Phister.

For Sup.—Louis Meyer.

For School Com.—Henry Meyer.

EIGHTH WARD.

For Ald.—Chas. Guehlsdorf.

For Sup.—Henry Ohlmann.

The Sheboygan comrades are issuing a daily paper for the campaign called "The Daily Socialist" filled with good hot matter from Editor Salliel's smoldering. Already capitalism is getting a jolting that is making it catch its breath. Sheboygan is a city of workers, and the workers propose to get possession.

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## THIS IS THE NIGHT!

This is your opportunity to see the "expose" of Spiritualism and at the same time the Party Agitation Fund. We refer to the

## Psychic Entertainment and Sociable

Given by the W. E. C. for the Benefit of the Social Democratic Campaign Fund at the

BOHEMIAN TURN HALL,

(Corner Vine and 12th Streets, Milwaukee.)

Saturday, April 4th, 1903, at 7:45 P. M.

By the way, did you see our programme? It's a perfect feast. If you haven't, dig up last week's Herald. It will interest you.

First appearance of RAJAH AMAR KABUL of Bombay, India, in an exhibition of the "Supremacy of Mind over Inanimate Matter." Musical instruments will be made to play and move without contact; Flowers, Vases, Statues, etc., will appear and disappear; inanimate objects will move about as though endowed with life.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

Tickets can be had at the office of the Social Democratic Herald.

